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[THURSDAY, January 2, 1772.] THE [NUMB. 1513]

THE NEW-YORK JOURNAL; OR, THE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Containing the freshest ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTIC

PRINTED AND PUPLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, ON HUNTER'S-QUAY, ROTTON-ROW.

Assize of BREAD, published 18th of Dec. 1771.
Flour at 22*s.* 9*d.* per Ct.
A White Loaf of finest Flour to weigh 1lb. 7 oz. for 4 Coppers. Ditto, of Do. to weigh — 11 for 2 Do.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Bushel	7s. od.	Beef per Barrel	48s. od.
Flour———	21s. od.	Pork £5.	4s. od.
Brown Bread	20s. od.	Salt	2s. od.
West-India Rum	5s. 3d.	Bohea Tea	4s. 9d.
New-England ditto	2s. 4d.	Chocol. per Doz.	28s. od.
Muscovado Sugar	56s. ods.	Bees Wax	1s. 9d.
Single refin'd ditto	1s. od.	Nut Wood ☞	30s. od.
Molasses	1s. 11d.	Oak ditto ☞	20s. od.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thursday next.

	☾'s *Age.*	*High Water.*	*rises* ☼ H.	M.	*sets* ☼ H.
THURSDAY	7	7	after 7	27 before	5
FRIDAY	8	8	7	26	5
SATURDAY	●	9	7	26	5
SUNDAY	1	10	7	25	5
MONDAY	2	10	7	25	5
TUESDAY	3	11	7	24	5
WEDNESDAY	4	12	7	22	5

New ● next Saturday, 7 Aft.

Days 9 Hours 4 Min the 2d.

ROBERT HOAKESLY, GROCER,
In Broad-street, opposite his Excellency General Gage,
Has for sale, the following articles;

A Quantity of coffee, ditto French and Carolina indigo.
A quantity of excellent port wine in bottles.
Cheshire cheese, and Ben. Kenton's best London porter.
And every article in the grocery way. 12 15

To be sold at public Venduc,
On Wednesday the 15th of January next, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchant's Coffee-house;

TWO houses and lots of ground, the upper end of Stone-street, now in the tenure of Mrs. Van Der Hyden, and Mr. William Kennedy, belonging to the estate of Mrs. Brockhurst, deceased. Conditions of sale will be made known, at the time and place referred to; and an indisputable title given the purchaser.

To be sold at private Sale,

A lot of ground on the east side of the Broad-way, almost opposite Doctor Charleton's, its length is from one street to the other, now in the possession of Mr Zachariah Van Zickle. For further particulars, inquire of David Clarkson. 12 15

New-Jersey, Monmouth County December, 1771. } BY order of the Hon. John Anderson and James Lawrence, two of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, for the said county, George Corlis, Gideon Crawford, and Samuel Hunt, prisoners for debt in the gaol of said county, having been duly sworn, and filed their shedule, pursuant to the late act of assembly of said province, made in the tenth year of his Majesty's reign, and in the year of our Lord, 1769, entitled, an act for the relief of insolvent debtors; Now these are to give notice, to the creditors of said debtors, that they be together at the Court house of said county, on the fourth Tuesday in January next, anno. dom. 1772, to shew cause, if any they have, before the said Judges, why the said prisoners, or any of them, should not be discharged from confinement, pursuant to the said act. 12 15

ABEEL and BYVANCK,
At the sign of the Spade near Coenties-Market, Albany Pier. Have just imported by the Freindship Capt. Lewis from Bristol, and the last vessels from London;

A Large assortment of ironmongery and cutlery ware and which they sell reasonable wholesale or retail.

Also Nails, tacks, and brads, of all sizes, London T C steel, Blister'd and German do. hoop and sheet iron, London and Bristol Pewter, Sweeds and American bar iron, iron pots kettles, tea kettles skillets, waggon and cart boxes, allum, brimstone, copperas, red-wood, log-wood, powder, shot, bar-lead, anvils, vises, and beck irons, sad irons, spades, shovels, trace, jack, and squirrel chains; the very best saw mill, cross cut and pit saws, fiddles, and fiddle strings, bird cages, leaf-gold, argol, pumice, rotton-stone, and emery. ALSO 1501—

An assortment of looking glasses from £. 12 to 2*s.* and a very curious, and large assortment of japan'd ware.

LOST a few Days since, a Steel Chain, with a Brass Key and a Gold Seal, cut with three Boars Heads. Whoever will bring it to the Printer hereof, shall be handsomely rewarded. 11 14

THREE DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or stolen, from the Farm of the Subscriber, on Friday the 13th Instant, at Night, a large chesnut [illegible] HORSE, about [illegible] Hands high, [illegible] Years old, trots and paces, very dull and heavy, has a Star in his Forehead, [illegible] Snip on his Nose, one of his hind Feet white, his Sides much chafed with the Traces; likewise two white Spots near his Shoulders, occasioned by a Saddle.

Whoever will take up said Horse, and bring him to the [illegible], shall have the above Reward, and all reasonable Charges. [illegible]

[illegible] December [illegible] 1771. [illegible]

THOMAS PEARSALL,
Has just imported in the last Vessels from London, Bristol, Liverpool, and Hull, the following Goods, which he proposes to sell on very low Terms, for Cash or the usual Credit, viz.

RED, blue and mix'd grey 6 4 coatings
Blue, green and mix'd grey 6-4 knaps
Narrow coating of various colours
Narrow knap'd do.
Blue and mix'd grey yd. wd. serge coatings
Blue and mix'd serges
Blue, green, pink and yellow baizes
Blue, blue grey, mix'd and brown broad cloths
A quantity of scarlet broad cloths for cloaks
Forrest cloths
Hunters do.
White Kendal cottons
8-4, and 9-4 rose blankets
Striped blankets
Red, yellow, white and scarlet flannels
Blue, green and cloth colour'd worsted plushes
Drab and light colour'd hair plushes
A quantity of blue, green and brown camblets, of various colours for cloaks
Black and blue everlastings
Black flower'd drawboys
½ yard striped, flowered and clouded worsted lutestrings
¾ and yard wide striped do.
Venetian poplins
Yard wd. Venetian ground Mecklenburgs
Cross-bar'd stuffs
Dorsateens
Black, cloth, blue, green and pink tammies
Black, cloth, blue, green and pink durance
Black, cloth, blue, green, pink and white callamancoes
Black, cloth, green, blue, red and crimson shalloons
Black, cloth & blue rattinets
Green moreens
Pillows, jeans and thicksets
Black and cloth coloured breeches patterns
Mens black and mix'd grey worsted hose
Womens worsted and cotton hose
Womens worsted & silk mitts
Do. plain and flower'd purple mitts
Do. fine white ground lamb gloves and mitts
Do. cloth colour'd do.
Do. black shammy gloves
Mens black shammy gloves
Do. wash leather do.
Do. crimson and tann'd sattin ditto
Do. fine colour'd lamb do.
Mens cotton & worsted caps
⅞, and yd. wd. Irish linens
11 nail and ¾ linen checks
Furniture checks
⅞, yd. wd. and yard and ¼ cotton checks
Turkey stripes
Striped Hollands
Oznaburgs
Ravens and Russia duck
Russia sheeting
9-4 Flanders bed ticks
Marking canvas
Dowlasses, double Silesias
Cambricks and lawns
Silesia clear lawns
Flower'd lawns
A quantity of callicoes, cottons and chintzes of newest patterns
White bordered Ghenting handkerchiefs
Blue and white Scotch do.
New and lungee romal do.
Black Barcelona do.
Sickersoy do.
Black and white crapes
Black bombazeens
Missinets
Black, brown, red and blue ell wide Persians
Black and white narrow Persians
Black, brown & blue taffeties
White sarsnet
Plain black alamode
Blue, white and black flowered and spotted peelong
Plain black peelongs and sattins
Womens black velvet
Hat-band crape and tiffany
Black padusoy and sattin ribbons
Black and white spotted do.
Figured and tinsel do.
Black silk ferrits
Black, blue, crow and cloth colour'd balladine sewing silk
Black silk lace
Hambro' do.
Black and scarlet gimps
Black silk fringe
Black and cloth colour'd silk knee garters
Brown and white buckram
Chipt hats
Ivory and horn combs
Plain black and white cypress gauze
Plain black and white catgut
Flowered, spotted and fancy net white gauzes
Flowered and spotted black gauzes
A large quantity of common, middling, and best basket buttons
Do. coat bindings, silk and hair and silk twist to match ditto
Do. shoe and quality bindings
Turkey, Highland and tolley [illegible]
Wire & mould shirt buttons
Mace, cinnamon
Cloves and nutmegs
4, and 4½lb. pins
Minnekin pins
Large brass do.
Thin, middling, and thick press-papers, or pasteboard
Writing paper from 14s. to 32s. per ream
Primers, spelling books
Testaments and bibles
Sailors bound caps
Mens and boys felt hats
Looking glasses from 10s. to £.5 per piece
Nests brass kettles
10d. 12d. and 20d. nails
6 by 8, 7 by 9, and 8 by 10 window glass
Copperas
Knives and forks
Cutteaus
Barlow's penknives
Common sewing and darning needles
White Chapel do.
Knitting pins
Pint and half, and quart tea pots
Best London pewter dishes, plates and basons
Hard metal table spoons

Said PEARSALL has also for Sale, RED CLOVER, and TIMOTHY SEED, of the present Year's growth. 1503—

ISAAC ADOLPHUS,
AT BURLING'S-SLIP,

HAS for Sale, very fine Taunton Ale, and best Bristol Beer, in Bottles, by the Cask, or single Dozen; also North-River Butter by the Firkin. 5—

Last Thursday Night arrived here in ten Weeks from Falmouth, the HARRIOT PACKET, *Capt.* LEE, *and by Capt.* OSBORNE, *from* London, *arrived at* Philadelphia, *we have the following Advices, viz.*

LISBON, September 10.

LAST Friday at noon as the Marquis of Pombal, principal Minister of his most Faithful Majesty, was going out of the King's Palace, he was attacked in his carriage, in the midst of the horse-guards who accompanied him, by a young countryman almost naked, who threw a stone at him with such violence, that it split the coach door against which it happily hit; he had time to throw another, before he was seized by the guards, who would have cut him to pieces, had not the Marquis forbid their hurting him. This wretch did not endeavour to escape, and only seems to regret his not being killed by the guards; he was immediately carried to the prison of the Jonquiere.

Petersburgh, Aug. 27. Notwithstanding the expences of the present war are prodigious, yet they are far from being burthensome to the people, who contribute nothing of their own thereto. The method of negociating money, the spoils taken from the enemy, and the contributions which the Imperial armies draw from the conquered provinces, have sufficed, and are still sufficient for defraying the above expences.

Ratisbon, Sept. 4. The famine that has happened in Bohemia, has occasioned a contagious distemper in that kingdom, which is said to have carried off 1700 persons within the space of 12 days.

Warsaw, Sept. 5. The Confederates, taking advantage of the absence of General Branicki, and Colonel Drewitz, are again assembling to a considerable number in the Palatinate of Cracow; and it seems as if they wanted to surround the regiment of Lithuanian guards, which has been left at Wieliczka; but it is hoped their design will be frustrated.

Naples, Sept. 3. The small-pox has made such havock in this city, that in the month of August 600 children died of that distemper.

Venice, Sept. 7. By the last letters from Constantinople, the renowned Moldavangi Bassa, Commandant of the Dardanelles, was beheaded by order of the Sultan, because he had not properly paid the troops under his command.

From the Isle of Elbe, Sept. 7. If some advices from Corsica are to be credited, the French have been obliged to cease all their works in that island, as the Malcontents come in the night, and burn, blow up, or demolish them. In short 22 of those wretches in one night, destroyed all the work a whole battalion of French had completed in a week; their hatred towards the French is so great, that they poison all the wells, cisterns, fountains, and little springs, which are in that part of the country they inhabit; they kill the horses in the fields, and infect the hay they are to eat, and are continually massacring some of the French officers. It is said, that being [illegible] to throw off the French yoke, they have [illegible] seven of their Deputies to offer the general government of the island to an Italian Prince. According to the plan they have [illegible], and the capitulation they have agreed to, this Prince is to accept of Corsica as an hereditary kingdom to his family. The nation is to furnish him with a revenue of 800,000 Sequins per ann. and is to reserve the right of always having 6000 men on foot in the Island. On the Prince's side, he is to support nine battalions of infantry, three companies of hussars, and one corps of artillery of about 360 men.

Vienna, Sept. 14. By letters from the Danube we are informed that General Essen in attempting to pass that river has been totally defeated, and despoiled of the greatest part of his baggage and ammunition. The same letters add, that Prince Repnin is highly displeased at the conduct of Count Romanzow, and that he has begged leave to retire.

Escurial, Sept. 15. The crops in Spain have been this year very abundant; and the harvest all over the kingdom has been as fine as could be wished.

Bastia, Sept. 16. A new act of indemnity will soon be passed in favour of the [illegible] on condition of their returning peaceably to their respective places of abode, before the expiration of two months; in failure of which they will [illegible] the King of France [illegible]

goods will be confiscated. Notwithstanding these salutary precautions the banditti daily increase, and commit dreadful ravages.

Bastia, Sept. 18. The Court of France has ennobled several Corsican families who aspired to that honour. These new nobles are coming to this capital, to assist at the next assembly of the nation.

Hamburgh, Sept. 20. It is said here currently, that Count Orlow is expected at Stockholm, to ask the Princess Sophia Albertina in marriage for the great Duke of Russia.

Paris, Sept. 20. It is assured that the Ministry has ordered all the Ex Jesuits, who were about to settle in Paris, to depart from the city. At least it is certain, that those who had begun to preach, have disappeared, without fulfilling the engagements that they had entered into, to exercise the duty of certain churches. It is said to be at the request of the King of Spain, that the Government has determined to send them at a distance from the capital.

Paris, Sept. 23. A young man, who had been taken up for a slight offence, ripped open his belly with a knife as he entered the Court of Justice. He had the ferocious courage to tear out his liver, and the abdomen of the stomach; he twisted his bowels round his hands, and in that frightful posture he fell down. He lived twelve hours in that dreadful condition, crying out in a most horrible manner.

Cologne, Sept 23. Letters from Genoa advise, that the Court of Russia having communicated to a mediating power the conditions upon which it would consent to make peace with the Porte, that power declared, that such conditions were neither fit to be proposed nor accepted; and that if ever the Porte did accept of them, that power would be the first to oppose it.

Paris, Sept. 23. Lettets from Rome advise, that Mr. Meuret, Secretary to Prince Edward, has been carried off, in consequence of superior orders; what makes people suspect some mystery in the case is, that the Pretender, before he left Rome, in a letter, which that Prince wrote to his Intendant, only says, that he is going to treat about an affair of importance, and that it is a secret, which he cannot trust with any person.

Antwerp, Oct. 4. All the advices from Flanders bring us sad accounts of the distemper among the horned cattle, which has broke out again, and makes great havock there.

LONDON.

Sept. 28. On Tuesday, at a coffee-house at the Royal Exchange, a gentleman agreed to give another 100 guineas, to receive one guinea every week for three years, or to cease paying it when Mr. W. shall be chosen Lord Mayor.

A gentleman conversant with maritime affairs assures us, that when a man of war is manned and victualled for six months voyage, she stands the Government in just 1000l. a gun.

Russia, which a century ago had scarcely a ship of war in her whole service, is now generally esteemed the second naval power in Europe, and bids fair to be the first, if the Ministry of this nation do not pay a strict attention to the wooden walls of England.

Claret, Burgundy, and Champaigne, which now sell at prodigious high prices in this country, are to be raised in as much perfection in the British territories on the Mississipi as in any part of France, and could be sold for a shilling a bottle to the people of London, was a settlement once established in that part of the world, by our government.

A plan for a new American representation has been laid before his Majesty, and has met with his approbation.

Sept. 30. Admiral Elphinstone has quitted the Empress of Russia's service. In the discharge which has been sent him, her Imperial Majesty returns him thanks for his services. It is said that many of the English sailors left the Russian fleet on this occasion.

Oct 1. It is said, that the French and Portuguese ships of war have free admission into the Spanish ports, without being searched.

The city of London is now torn into so many different parties, that Administration considers it, we hear, as a very impotent enemy: It, therefore, it would acquire a real importance in the constitutional scale, the citizens should attend to the re-establishment of their general tranquility; concord is the only shield which can ever render them invincible; and when they are internally distracted, they are not more employed in opposing ministerial invasion, than in publicly injuring themselves.

Those political barometers the funds, fell yesterday amazingly, in consequence of a report circulated relative to an immediate war. Yet considerate men imagine the report wholly a Change-alley artifice, as the Parliament is prorogued, which would instantly assemble for ways and means, was there any real apprehension of a rupture.

Twelve guineas were yesterday frequently offered round the Change, for the receipt of an hundred, in case a war with France or Spain took place in the course of a twelvemonth; yet notwithstanding the present serenity of the political horizon, very few ventured to take the money; a circumstance which strongly corroborates the report of that rupture which created so alarming a reduction in the stocks.

Orders are sent to Cork and Kingsale to provide quarters immediately for six regiments of foot, which are to be quartered there for the greater convenience of embarkation.

They write from Marseilles, that the Captain of a French frigate, lately returned from the Levant, is broke, for not taking satisfaction for an insult given to their flag by a Russian corsair; and another officer of the same rank has met with the like fate, for suffering another corsair of that nation to take a French vessel in his sight.

It is now known, that one principal reason for allowing a Popish Bishop in Canada, was to furnish a pretence for establishing a Protestant Prelacy throughout the British colonies.

Lately died Miss Elizabeth Gordon, a maiden Lady, at her seat near Harwich; said to have died worth 50,000l. great part of which she has left to charitable uses; among the rest 1000l. for erecting an hospital for the relief of indigent *old maids*.

Though the colonies seem still to adhere to that one resolution, "that they would import no tea till the duty laid on it here is taken off," yet it is said, the orders from them for that article are as many and great this year as they used to be formerly.

DIED.] On Sunday, after a lingering illness, Jeremiah Dyson, Esq; one of the Lords of the Treasury, and one of the members for the Borough of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis, in Dorsetshire. A few days ago, at the Hot-wells, Bristol, Theodore Walrond, Esq; eldest son of Mainswele Walrond of Antigua, Esq;

Oct. 2. A master of a vessel, lately arrived from Dunkirk, says, that the Week before he left that place, no less than nine vessels arrived here from England laden with corn.

Oct. 3. The American Agents are very busy in preparing to lay before the ensuing Parliament many beneficial regulations, respecting the trade of the Colonies.

Letters from Constantinople affirm, that a Maltese Renegado, renowned for his knowledge and valour in maritime affairs, had, in a conversation lately with a Caimacan, declared, that in the present state of the Dardanelles, it was far from impossible for a few men of war not only to force that famous passage with impunity, in despite of the Turkish artillery, but even to advance to Constantinople, and bombard the city. It is added, that the Grand Signor, on being informed of the affair, far from punishing the Renegado, as usual in former times, had given him a commission to inspect into these antient fortresses, and make what improvements he thought necessary to their defence.

It is said that the French Minister at Petersburgh being discovered of reflecting in his letter with great freedom on that Court, will be ordered home, without permission of an audience of leave.

Letters from Paris say, that the people in the inland part of that kingdom are in a starving condition for want of corn.

Oct. 4. It is reported, that some of the great Officers of State will go to Reading, the beginning of next week, to examine Britain (confined in the gaol there) relative to the crimes he has lately charged himself and others with.

They write from the island of Sky, that no less than 370 persons have lately embarked from that island in order to settle in North-Carolina; several of them are people of property, who intend making purchases of land in America. The late great rise of rents in the Western Islands of Scotland, is said to be the reason of this emigration.

Yesterday a Gentleman of Salisbury court, Fleet-street, said to be worth 30,000l. was detected in stealing writing paper from the sitting Alderman's room in Guildhall. He was committed to Wood-street Compter, to take his trial at the ensuing session.

When Mr. Sheriff Martin on Saturday last pulled off his gold chain upon the Hustings, he delivered it to a person who attended to receive it from him, in order to convey it to the new Sheriff, Mr. Wilkes, who used it for the ceremony of being admitted into his office; but so little confidence did Mr. Martin repose in his successor's honesty, that he said out aloud before all the by-standers, "Take notice, I deliver this chain on the account of Mr. Bull; and you are to bring me a receipt for it from that Gentleman." Accordingly the man returned with Mr. Bull's receipt. The value of the chain is about one hundred pounds.

Wednesday two of the Directors of the E. I. C. hand violent words about the present contested Election for Lord Mayor, and a challenge was given, which would have been answered, had not their friends immediately interfered.

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, dated Sept. 2.

"Every thing in this city bears the appearance of an immediate war. No fewer than eighteen ships of war, including Chebecs, have sailed from this port with men and ammunition for South America within these six weeks. The city is filled with soldiers, marines, &c. Two additional battalions are ordered to be immediately raised to add to the old regiments of Matrosses. A battalion of Walloon Guards, 1400 picked men from the Italian regiments, and 600 Swiss, are to embark in a few days on board a small fleet, which is now in the harbour, and which is conjectured to be destined for the Spanish settlements in the South Seas. The workmen in the arsenal are continually employed in casting bomb shells, cannon, &c. The court have increased the tax called *Alcabala* (which is an impost of the 10th penny on all goods bought or exchanged) to seven additional pennies per cent. In short an immediate rupture is looked upon as inevitable, but we English dare not even whisper our conjectures, for we are already treated by many of the Spaniards as if hostilities had already been commenced."

After the close of the poll yesterday at Guildhall, some of the mob called out to Mr. Alderman Nash to come down to the Hustings, which he condescendingly did; after bowing to them several times. No sooner had he complied with their request, but they began to be so outrageous, that some of the Alderman's friends were obliged to call Constables together to his assistance, who, after they had with great difficulty escorted him from the hall to the yard, put him into his coach, and ordered the Coachman to drive on; but this was prevented by one part of the mob, while the others forced in the panels of the carriage. Mr. Sheriff Wilkes, as soon as he heard of these tumultuous proceedings, came forward, and genteelly offered Mr. Nash the use of his chariot, which he readily accepted, and they both were drove to the Alderman's house in Cannon-street.

Oct. 5. Yesterday the Prince de Poniatowski, nearly related to his Polish Majesty, arrived here from Poland.

Oct. 9. An officer of rank, who was lately cashiered for breaking his arrest, is restored to his former command.

A great number of marine officers have been called from half-pay upon actual service, it being settled that no new ones shall be appointed on that establishment till the old ones are provided for.

The following letter was received on Monday by the Sheriffs at the time of casting up the poll.

"*Messrs.* WILKES *and* BULL,

"*Gentlemen*,

"I beseech you to pardon a stranger presuming to give you a hint in the execution of your office. As the name of Mr. Alderman Bankes stands lowest on the board behind you, you may possibly overlook its importance. The rule has lately been introduced of declaring him who has had the lowest number duly elected; it was so in the case of the Middlesex election. You will be pleased not to let prejudies arising from custom, determine you to transgress a rule so lately established; and established too by so very respectable an authority as the present most virtuous, disinterested, unbiassed, and uncorrupted House of Commons. Your's, J. C."

Guildhall, Monday Noon.

When Lord North was acquainted with the majority of numbers in favour of Mr. Alderman Nash, he replied, "So, So, I think the *scum of the earth* has at last boiled over."

Oct. 11. By an account from Lyons in France, we hear that a silk manufacturer, being at dinner at the house of a friend, a little girl brought him a box tied with packthread, which she pressed him to open, as it required an answer; accordingly he opened it, and having pulled off the string which bound something in it, two pistols loaded with ball went off, and set fire to some gun-powder in the box; the balls did no damage, but the gun-powder set fire to his cloaths, and scorched his face. Enquiry has been strictly made after the contrivers of this plot, but to no purpose. A similar affair to the above happened about ten years ago at the same place.

On Tuesday night an express arrived from Paris at the French Ambassador's house in Great George-street, that his Excellency Count de Guignes would be in town to morrow; and preparations are making for his reception.

Oct. 12. The cordiality that actually subsists at present between the Lord Mayor elect and the Sheriffs does really seem like something more than bare well-bred civility. It is a fact, that the Ministry begin to fear that his new Lordship has already caught the *cacoethes patriotici*, and the popular party exult in the prophetic spirit of Junius, when he tells us that Mr. Nash's collision with the Sheriffs may produce in *him* that fire of patriotism, which *they* are possessed of.

It is said, that since the conclusion of the last peace, the French have built fifty six ships of war.

The expectation of a war has occasioned so great a stagnation in trade, that several merchantmen bound to different ports now lie in the river unable to procure freights.

His Majesty's reception at the play house on Wednesday night, was the warmest and most affectionate that could be conceived. Nothing equal to it has been known for eight years past.

The sum of two millions five hundred thousand pounds, it is computed, will be wanting to supply the exigencies of the ensuing year.

Oct. 13. Some late letters from the Hague advise, that the French are equipping several men of war, frigates, &c. at Toulon, and the other ports of France, in order to have a powerful squadron at sea early in the spring.

According to recent letters from Genoa, the Republic has engaged to build ten new ships of war of different rates, for the service of France, which are to be forwarded with the utmost expedition.

Oct. 14. We are aſſured, that a number of reſpectable merchants in the city intend, in a few days, to wait upon Lord North, in order to learn his Lordſhip's ſentiments as to the likelihood of a ſpeedy war: And it is hoped his Lordſhip will be very candid and explicit upon a ſubject ſo important to the nation in general, but more particularly intereſting to the trading part of it.

It is very ſingular, that at a period when we are not only told, but convinced there is much buſineſs to tranſact, the Parliament, inſtead of meeting, is prorogued to the 26th of November.

We hear that the Earl of Bute intends ſoon to ſet out for the South of France, by the advice of his phyſicians.

A correſpondent obſerves, that the late appointment of Robert Pigott, Eſq; who is the Duke of Grafton's *brother-in-law*, to a lucrative office in the Tower, with the indulgence that he may execute it by a deputy, if that deputy be approved by the *Lords of the Treaſury*, is a ſtriking and convincing proof of that Nobleman's extraordinary influence over his Soverign.

An anonymous correſpondent has ſent us the following paragraph:—It is with the utmoſt concern we inform our readers, that the ſo much celebrated and truly diſintereſted patriot John Wilkes, Eſq; is in a deep conſumption, and that the gentlemen of the faculty have pronounced it impoſſible he ſhould hold out longer than the end of his Sheriffalty.—Oh! poor old England!

The article relative to the return of Admiral Knowles from Ruſſia, is in part erroneous, as that gentleman is now there with his family, and in great eſtimation with the Empreſs. It is certain that his ſon arrived from Peterſburgh about three weeks ago, which it is imagined might have given riſe to the above report.

Oct. 12. The late Lord Baltimore has, we hear, bequeathed his immenſe property in Maryland to Mrs. Eden his ſiſter, Lady to Robert Eden, Eſq; preſent Governor of that province, ſubject only to the payment of a few legacies.

Oct. 15. According to a plan of improvement, which is ſaid to be adopted by the Board of Green Cloth, the verge of the Court is not to ſereen any debtors who owe more than 20l. to one perſon.

The Oſterly, Lizard, from New-England, went on ſhore on the Sudbank on Saturday laſt, within the Needles Point; but it is thought ſhe will be got off.

We are *well* informed, a bill is intended to be brought in to Parliament this approaching ſeſſion, to licence the preſs, and that there is now forming a collection of all the *Whiſperers*, to ground the neceſſity of ſuch a bill.

The 11th Inſtant Alderman Naſh made the following Speech to the Livery at Guildhall.

'I beg leave to return you my thanks for the high 'honour you have conferred upon me, by chooſing 'me your Chief Magiſtrate for the year enſuing.

'When I conſider the dignity and importance of 'that exalted Station, I cannot help reflecting how 'unequal I am to the great and arduous taſk.

'But, Gentlemen, if a ſacrifice of my private con'cerns, by a conſtant attendance on the duties of 'the office;—if a ſtrict and imparital adminiſtration 'of juſtice;—if a watchful attention to the fran'chiſes, intereſt, and property of my fellow citizens, 'can merit your eſteem, you may be aſſured of my 'utmoſt endeavours to deſerve it; and in which, 'as I have the example, ſo I hope I ſhall have the 'kind aſſiſtance of my brethren.

'Providence having crowned my induſtry with an 'independent fortune, I am determined to be an 'independent magiſtrate—uninfluenced by any 'motives that may lead me from the public ſervice 'to my own advantage,

'I canot conclude without publickly acknowledg'ing my obligations to my Lord Mayor and the 'Sheriffs, for their ready attention to the preſerva'tion of the peace, and the ſecurity of my perſon, 'in coming to and going from this place during the poll.'

It is ſaid that the French and Spaniſh Ambaſſadors have declared, that their reſpective Courts have no intention of committing acts of hoſtility againſt the Ruſſians, by aſſiſting the Turks, but will obſerve a ſtrict neutrality.

Tueſday laſt, about two o'clock, after Major Rogers had paſſed through Dartford, the poſt-chaiſe man who drove him told him a highwayman hovered round the chaiſe. As ſoon as the fellow came to the Major, he ſeized him by the hand and pulled him into the chaiſe. The highwayman anſwers the deſcription in an advertiſement of Sir John Fielding's. The Major carried him to the Mayor at Graveſend, and after an examination there, ſent him to the Rotation office, in Bow-ſtreet.

Birmingham, Sept. 30. A young couple went to be married laſt Wedneſday at Tamworth church; when the Clergyman coming to that part of the ceremony, "Wilt thou have this woman to thy wedded wife," the man replied, "No, nor never will;" he threw down the ring, and immediately ran out of the church.

Liverpool, October 17. The George, late Fletcher, from Antigua to this port, is aſhore at Workington.

PORTSMOUTH, New-Hampſhire, Dec. 6.

Laſt Thurſday week Dr. Hall Jackſon couched the right Eye of one Fletcher, of Winter Harbour, about 39 years of Age, who had been blind ever ſince he was 6 months old: It was done with all the ſucceſs that could be expected or deſired; no ſooner was the inſtrument out of his Eye, than he was able clearly and diſtinctly to ſee the many perſons and objects that ſurrounded him, in all of which he immediately perceived a difference, but how or in what this Difference conſiſted, he could give no account, as he had no Idea of forms, colours, magnitude, diſtance, or even a plurality of things, but what he had formed in his mind, from the ſenſes of hearing and feeling; which plainly demonſtrates, that were we deprived of the uſe of our ſenſitory Organs, we could have no idea of things whatever.

All objects and colours ſeemed equally agreeable to this perſon, except red and green, the former of which he could not look upon with any degree of ſatisfaction, but with the latter he appeared to be much pleaſed. The joy expreſſed by this perſon in being reſtored to ſo valuable a ſenſe, did by no means appear ſo great as in thoſe that have been before ſenſible of the enjoyment of it.

About ten days ago a Negro man, belonging to Mr. Nathan Meſerve of Durham, who had been blind for ſeveral years, had both his Eyes couched by Dr. Hall Jackſon, and perfectly reſtored to ſight.

BOSTON December 16.

By Capt. Coffin from Nantucket, we have a melancholy Account of the Sloop Paoli, belonging to Mr. Gerriſh of Halifax commanded by Capt. Dunlap. The above Sloop ſail'd from Halifax for Philadelphia, about the 1ſt Inſtant, having Eleven Souls on board, and on the 5th in a terrible Snow Storm, it being very thick ſhe ran on Nantucket, and ſtove to Pieces. The Maſter and Mate named Amos Otis, were both drowned; but their Bodies were afterwards taken up, and decently interred in one Grave—One Cockran a Paſſenger, having a great Quantity of Money with him, was ſtill miſſing. The other eight Perſons got ſafe aſhore.

At a Council held at the Council Chamber in Boſton, Tueſday December 10th, 1771. His Excellency having acquainted the Board at their Meeting, that *Joſeph Greenleaf*, Eſq; a Juſtice of the Peace for the County of *Plymouth*, was generally reputed to be concerned with *Iſaiah Thomas*, in printing and publiſhing a News-Paper, called the *Maſſachuſetts-Spy*, and the ſaid *Joſeph Greenleaf* having thereupon been ſummoned to attend the Board on this Day, in order to his Examination touching the ſame, and not attending according to Summons, it was thereupon *Unanimouſly Adviſed*, that the ſaid *Joſeph Greenleaf* be diſmiſſed from the Office of a Juſtice of the Peace; which Advice was approved of and conſented to, by his Excellency; and the ſaid *Joſeph Greenleaf* is diſmiſſed from ſaid Office accordingly.

A true Copy from the Minutes of Council.

THOMAS FLUCKER, Secry.

BOSTON.

Dec. 23. From Rhode-Iſland, we learn, that the ſchooner Hannah, Capt. Jabez Perkins, from Newport to Norwich, was driven aſhore on the Eaſt end of Long Iſland in the ſnow ſtorm on the 5th inſtant, and entirely loſt, and a lad about 17 years of age, named Michael Carey was freze to death.

We alſo learn, that Capt. Landon in a brig, and five other veſſels, among which was a brig from Liverpool, were aſhore at Long-Iſland; and alſo that ſeveral Veſſels were driven aſhore at Barnagat in the ſame ſtorm,

We have the following melancholy account from the Eaſtward, viz. Capt. Matthews belonging to Marblehead ſtove to pieces on Odiorn's Point. Capt. Tycreſs, in a ſloop belonging to the Eaſtward, on Froſt's Point, uncertain yet whether ſhe will be got off again, having her keel, &c. ſtove in.—Capt. Bell, from Philadelphia, on Hampton Beach. Veſſel and Cargo 'tis thought will be ſaved. One on York Ledge, Maſter and veſſel unknown, 'tis thought the people were drowned.—A ſloop at Winter Harbour, entirely loſt, and another caſt aſhore, but it's thought will be got off again.

Philadelphia, December 26.

Thurſday laſt arrived here the ſhip Pennſylvania Packet Captain Oſborn, from London, which he left the beginning of October; but did not leave the Downs till the firſt of November, being detained by contrary winds. On his paſſage he ſpoke with the following veſſels, viz. On the 22d ult. in lat. 30, 6, lon. 56, 30, Capt. Switzer, in a brig from Boſton for Dominica, fifteen days out; on the 26th, in lat. 33, long. 62, with a ſhip from this port for Dominica, but could not learn the maſter's name, 8 days out; on the 5th inſt. in lat. 37, lat. 79, with a brig from Maryland for Dominica, two days out; on the 8th, in lat. 36, 40, lon. 71, 30, Capt. Sewell, in a ſchooner from Antigua for Virginia, eighteen days out; and on the 14th, about 80 leagues to the weſtward of Cape Henry ſpoke a ſhip from Virginia for Hull, four days out, all well.

Capt. Oſborne informs that he lay in the Downs from the 7th to the 20th of October, and during that time they had very ſtormy weather, in which ſeveral veſſels loſt their anchors; that a ſhip from Jamaica for London was drove aſhore, on the North Foreland, the veſſel and cargoe entirely loſt, but the people ſaved; that a brig from Dublin, with a cargo worth £ 80,000, was loſt on Godwin Sands, that a ſhip from Maryland cut her maſts away, and afterwards drove aſhore with three anchors ahead, and was loſt; that another ſhip, Capt. Froſt, from Maryland, came in there diſmatted; and that five ſail of veſſels were drove aſhore in Margate Road.

The ſhip Henry, Capt. Hunter, from this Place for Maryland, was drove aſhore in Cheſapeak Bay, about four Miles below Saſſafras, where ſhe is cut through by the Ice, and it is feared will be loſt.

Captain Vanſant, from the Grenades, on the 13th about three leagues to the northward of Cape-May, ſaw a ſloop and a ſchooner aſhore, the people were taking out the cargoe of the ſchooner, but he did not ſee any body on board the ſloop.

Captian Ruſſell, from the Grenades, on the 12th inſtant, a little to the ſouthward of Cape-Hatteras, ſpoke a ſmall ſchooner, with two white men and two Negroes on board; ſhe was bound from Santee for Charleſtown, but had been blown off, and loſt her boom in a gale of wind; the people were much froſtbitten, and in great want of proviſions and water, Captain Ruſſell ſupplied them with ſome water, and two pieces of beef, but a gale coming on, prevented their getting any other neceſſaries.

By a gentleman from the Grenades we learn, that about the 10th of laſt month general Leyburn arrived there, in the St. Albans man of war from England, to take on him the command of that government; that on his arrival his commiſſion was publiſhed, as alſo his Majeſty's inſtructions, allowing the Roman catholick inhabitants to be of the council, and to ſet in the aſſembly, which cauſed great uneaſineſs to moſt of the proteſtants at that place; and that a commiſſion was come, appointing Monſieur Chantaloup to be one of his Majeſty's council for the ſaid government.

From Cumberland county, in New-Jerſey, we learn, that in the night of the 7th inſtant, the baptiſt meeting houſe, where the Rev. Mr. Samuel Heaton is paſtor, took fire, and was burnt down; ſuppoſed to be occaſioned by ſome coals being left there the day before.

NEW-YORK. January 2.

The General Aſſembly of this Province are to meet here on Tueſday the 7th Inſtant, to proceed on Buſineſs, circular Letters being already ſent to the different Members for that Purpoſe.

Capt. Lee the 7th Inſtant, in Lat. 37. Long. 68, ſpoke with a Ship from Philadelphia for London; and the Day following Lat. 36. 38. Long. 69. he alſo ſpoke with a Brig from Philadelphia, likewiſe, for Cork; and about 14 Days ago he fell in with a Sloop from this Port, that had carried off one of our Pilots.

The Sloop John, that was drove aſhore at Sandy-Hook, as mentioned in this Paper the 17th Ult. is ſince got off, and was tow'd up to Town by two Pilot Boats laſt Friday.

The Brig William, David Landon, Maſter, from Liverpool, for Guilford, in Connecticut, was caſt away, on Thurſday the 5th Inſtant, at a Place called Wading River on the North Side of Long Iſland; the Veſſel entirely loſt, but the greateſt Part of the Cargo ſaved.

Capt Craig of this Port, is arrived at London; and the Earl of Halifax Packet, Capt. Bolderſon, arrived at Falmouth, the 10th of October, with the September Mail, from this Place.

On Monday laſt the Ship Prince of Wales, Capt. Charles M'Kenzie, arrived in 9 Weeks from St. Ubes. On the 8th Ult. Lat. 35, 46 Lon. 67, ſpoke a Sloop from New-York for the Weſt Indies; on the 9th, Lat. 34, 18, Lon. 65, 30, ſpoke a Sloop, 9 Days from R. Iſland, bound to Hiſpaniola; and on the 13th, Lat. 36, 20, Long 70, ſpoke a Brig from Hiſpaniola, bound for New-London.

On Sunday Night laſt, died at his Houſe near this City, ABRAHAM MORTIER, Eſq; Pay-Maſter Gen. to his Majeſty's Forces in North-America, a Gentleman of a moſt amiable private Character, and eminently diſtinguiſhed for the Uprightneſs and Integrity of his Conduct in his Office and all his Dealings: He was as univerſally eſteem'd as known, and is as generally lamented. His Remains were on Tueſday Evening inter'd in Trinity Church-Yard, with all the Solemnity and Reſpect that could be ſhewn them, both by the Gentlemen of the Town and Army, a numerous Company of whom attended.

[A particular Account of his Character and Funeral, would have been inſerted, if we could have obtained it.]

The Ships Roſe, Capt Chriſtopher Miller, and the Samſon, Capt. Cooper, will ſail for London with the firſt fair Wind.

We hear from New-Jerſey, that on New-Year's Eve, Captain JACK HOWARD, *a luſty well-made young Fellow*, was married to Miſs CYNTHIA STOCKTON, a young Lady poſſeſſed of the Qualifications *eſſential* to render the Connubial State Happy.

☞ We wiſh our Cuſtomers a Happy New-Year.

Cuſtom Houſe, New-York, Inward Entries:

Sloop Heſter, W. Lowndes, from St. Thomas; Dolphin, J. Carpenter, Rhode-Iſland; Pennſylvania Farmer, T. Wood, St. Euſtatia. Schooner Three Brothers, H. Hughes, Virginia; Collector, M. Corbitt, St. Thomas. Ship Prince of Wales, C. M'Kenzie, Cork and St. Ubes.

OUTWARD. Snow John, A. Stott, for Jamaica. Ship Rainbow, J. Caldwell, Colerain.

CLEARED. Sloop Three Brothers, D. Hageman, to North-Carolina; Little Betſy, J. Griffiths, St. Croix; Hannah, J. Wynkoop, Dominica; Mary, B. Stamers, St. Croix. Schooner Maiden-Head, G. De La Roach, Hiſpaniola.

To be Let till MAY next,

AND entered upon immediately, a genteel ſmall ſtore, in a convenient and public part of the town. Inquire of the Printer. 13 16

Wanted immediately,

AS a clerk in a country ſtore, a perſon who underſtands merchant's accompts, and can be well recommended for his honeſty, and a cloſe application to buſineſs: Such a one, may hear of good encouragement, by applying to the Printer of this paper.

N. B. It would be more agreeable if the perſon applying was ſomewhat converſant in the Dutch tongue. 13 16

To be ſold at private Sale,

THE houſe where the ſubſcriber now lives, in Wall-ſtreet, it is an agreeable ſituation, and contains of breadth in front 57 feet 10 inches, and in the rear 45 feet; in length, on the ſouth-eaſt ſide 107 feet 8 inches, and on the north-weſt ſide 116 feet. There are on the premiſes an excellent bake-houſe and bolt-houſe, which with the dwelling-houſe, is all in good repair, together with a good ciſtern and graſs plat in the yard; it is a good ſituation, and very convenient for a merchant or ſhop-keeper, as alſo for a baker and bolter: If it is not ſold before the firſt of February next, it will then be let; for particulars, apply to

13 16 CORNELIUS SEBRING.

POET'S CORNER.

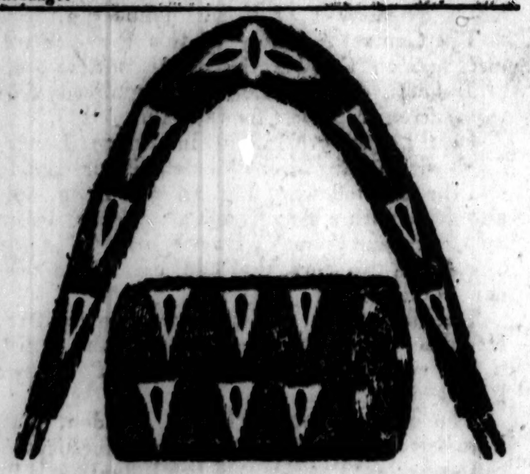
HAPPINESS.

As happineſs is all our aim,
Some ſeek to purchaſe it by fame;
While others think in honour lies,
The ſo much wiſh'd and ſought for prize;
And ſome, that wealth alone's the thing,
Which can at once the treaſure bring:
Health, beauty, wit, we all deſire,
For each of theſe the world admire;
But theſe are idle, falſe and vain,
And of the ſource of grief and pain:
The path to happineſs we find,
Thro' virtue lies, and peace of mind.

LOST,

ON Monday Evening, between 6 and 8 o'Clock at Night, a Gentleman's Portugueſe Cloak. Whoever has found the ſame, and will return it to the Printer, ſhall be reaſonably rewarded.

N. B. The Cloak was loſt between Smith-Street and the Exchange.



JOHN SIEMON,

Lately arrived from LONDON,

At Philadelphia, now reſiding in New-York, at Mr. Michael Houſeworth's, in Broad-Street, nearly oppoſite the General's,

HAS brought with him a general aſſortment of the neweſt faſhion'd MUFFS, TIPPETS, ERMINE and *lining* for CLOAKS, &c. &c. now worn by the LADIES at the *Court of Great-Britain*; he therefore highly flatters himſelf to meet with a favourable encouragement by the LADIES and *others*, (as he intends to ſtay a *month only* in this *city*,) which ſhall be gratefully acknowledged.

N. B. Milliners and ſhop-keepers who intend to purchaſe after his departure, will pleaſe to direct for FROMBERGER and SIEMON, in *Second Street*, Philadelphia; their orders will be obeyed, at as *cheap* rates as in London. 11 13

STOLEN from the pocket of the ſubſcriber, in New-York, on Wedneſday the 22th day of December 1773, a black LEATHER POCKET BOOK, (mark'd on the out-ſide in gilt letters, *Francis Groome*, 1770, with a ſteel lock,) containing two bills of Connecticut money, amounting, with the intereſt, to £2:8:8 York money; alſo a ſet of bills of exchange, drawn by Mrs. Ann Antall, on Charles Lownds, Eſq; Craven-Street, in the Strand, London; and ſome other papers of no value but to the owner.

Whoever will return the ſaid pocket book and its contents, or give information of any perſon in whoſe hands it may have been ſeen, ſo that the owner may get it again, or the perſon who has it be ſecured, ſhall have the money bills before-mentioned as a reward. 10 13

FRANCIS GROOME.

QUEENSBURY, November 11, 1773.

TO BE SOLD, between this and MAY next,

A VERY valuable tract of land, containing about 2000 acres, lying in Orange county, in the province, and about 50 miles from the city of New-York, and two and half from the North-river, at the landing on the Weſt ſide of Salisbury-Iſland, to which there is a good waggon road from the ſaid land; which is extraordinarily well timbered and watered, and is in general as good for grain and meadow, as any in the county, eſpecially for meadow, in which it excels, and has ſufficient cleared to winter 25 or 30 head of cattle, beſides horſes, and about 200 acres more may be made: There is alſo cleared, a conſiderable quantity of plow land, in which about 10 or 12 buſhels of wheat and rye have been ſown this ſeaſon, the whole in good fence. There is during the ſummer ſeaſon, a very fine range, which can never be obſtructed, for any number of cattle, on the ſaid land; and alſo the following buildings and improvements, viz. a good new framed, and two other houſes, with a cellar, &c. a large garden, a good young bearing orchard, of the beſt graſted fruit, a good ſaw-mill, with plenty of water, and a vaſt quantity of white oak and other timbers convenient to it, which if properly attended, by perſons acquainted with the ſawing buſineſs, would produce, free of all coſts, at leaſt £ 200 a year. Whoever inclines to purchaſe the ſaid tract, or half of it, may apply to the ſubſcriber on the premiſes, who will give an indiſputable title for the ſame, and alſo make known the conditions of payment.

MOSES CLEMENT.

PURSUANT to an order of his honour John Thomas, Eſq; Judge of the court of common pleas for the county of Weſt-Cheſter: Notice is hereby given, that on application made to the ſaid Judge, by Benjamin Chapman, one of the creditors of Jacob Reed, an abſconding debtor, the ſaid John Thomas has directed all the eſtate, real and perſonal, of the ſaid abſconding debtor, to be ſeized; and that unleſs the ſaid Jacob Reed does return and diſcharge his debts within three months after the date hereof all his eſtate, real and perſonal, ſo ſeized and taken, will be ſold for the ſatisfaction of his creditors.

December 4, 1773. 11 14

DANIEL JAQUERI,

PURPOSES to teach grammatically, the French and Spaniſh Languages, at the Houſes of thoſe who are willing to be taught by him; to tranſlate from any one of ſaid Languages into the Engliſh, or either of the two others, with Accuracy, Diſpatch, and Secrecy; and ſettle Merchants Accounts, Books of Accounts, &c. in which particular he has lately been employed, to the ſatisfaction of ſeveral Perſons in this City.

☞ N. B. He undertakes alſo to copy out Writings in the Three above mentioned Languages, for Lawyers, Merchants, &c.

Inquire for ſaid Jaquéri, at Mrs. Iſrael's in Broad-Street, oppoſite the General's, 11 14

DAVIES and MINNITT,

At their Glaſs, China and Earthen-Ware Store,

BETWEEN Beekman's and Peck's-Slips, formerly kept by Lambert Garriſon, ſell all ſorts of plain and cut glaſſes; alſo China of all ſorts, and cream colour, ſtone, delf, Nottingham, black and other earthen-ware, of which they purpoſe keeping up an aſſortment, both for city and country conſumption, and hope for a continuance of their friends' cuſtom.

Country orders carefully ſupplied and well packt up, and alſo for going abroad, on the loweſt terms, for caſh or ſhort credit. 11 14

PROPOSALS

For Printing by SUBSCRIPTION,

The Works of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS,

In four Volumes large Octavo, tranſlated into Engliſh by Sir *Roger L'eſtrange*, Kt. at the moderate Price of ſeven Shillings each Volume, *Pennſylvania* Currency, ſewed in blue Boards, the *London* Edition it ſold at Fifty-four Shillings.

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2 The Antiquities of the *Jews* in twenty Books.
3 His Book againſt Apion in two Parts.
4 The *Jews'* Wars.
5 The Martyrdom of the Maccabees.
6 Philo's Embaſſy from the Jews of Alexandria to the Emperor Caius Caligula.

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IV. The Names of the Subſcribers to be printed in the Beginning of the Fourth Volume.

As a Number of Gentlemen have encouraged me to undertake the re-publiſhing the Works of this elegant Writer, and profound Hiſtorian, I hope the above Propoſals will be kindly received by the Public, and meet with due Encouragement and Favour. I need not expatiate on the Character of this Claſſic writer, as his Reputation is univerſally known among all Gentlemen converſant in the Literary World, and greatly approved of by all who have had the peruſing of his Works. It will be my particular Care and Attention to render this Publication ſatisfactory in every Reſpect; and worthy of a Place in the moſt elegant Library. I remain with much Reſpect every Subſcribers' much obliged humble Servant,

Philadelphia, July, 1772. JOHN M'GIBBONS.

N. B. No Money is expected but on delivery of each Volume.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in by John M'Gibbons in Front-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreet. John Dunlap, at the neweſt Printing Office in Market-ſtreet. Joſeph Cruckſhank, at his Printing Office in Third-ſtreet. Mr. Abraham Hunt, Trenton. Mr. William Hick, Princeton. Mr. Frederick King, in Morris Town. Thomas Anderſon, Eſq; in Suſſex County, New-Jerſey. Mr. Samuel Loudon, and Meſſrs. Noel and Hazard, in New-York. 1114

THE

ROYAL SPIRITUAL MAGAZINE;

Or, the CHRISTIAN'S GRAND TREASURY.

BY ſeveral Divines in England; and are reprinted in Philadelphia, by Subſcription, in Monthly Numbers, the Fourth Number is already publiſhed, and the fifth in the Preſs. Gentlemen who are willing to encourage Literary Manufacture, and are pleaſed to exemplify it by repoſing their Names as yearly Subſcribers, with Meſſrs. Noel and Hazard; Mr. Samuel Loudon; and Mr. John Brown, where the Numbers may be had, Price One Shilling Pennſylvania Money.

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THIS Spiritual Magazine is intended as a Compendious Treaſure of the moſt intereſting Knowledge to Mankind, very inſtructive in teaching the ſublimeſt Truths, ſpiritualizing on the moſt common Occurrences, and wonderfully adapted to ſteal into the moſt inattentive Heart; the moſt renowned for Wiſdom in Divine Things are conſulted, and every pious Obſervation cropped to render the Whole a flowery Path of Bleſſing to the Reader.——As there are ſo many Numbers of this Work already publiſhed, I need not expatiate.—But remain every Subſcriber's much obliged humble Servant, 11 13

JOHN M'GIBBONS.

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold (Price 1/4.) at the Printing-Office, on Hunter's-Quay, near the New-Bridge, at the Slip Market;

AN ADDRESS from the CLERGY of *New-York*, and *New-Jerſey*, to the *Epiſcopalians* in *Virginia*, occaſion'd by ſome late Tranſactions in that Colony, relative to an 9 12

AMERICAN EPISCOPATE.

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Oil ſtints of the firſt ſort, ſome bear-ſkins, with ſundry other articles, as uſual. 8—

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Ratinets
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Laſtings
Strip'd, check'd and clouded camblettees
Blue, green and brown broad camblets
Black and crimſon figur'd worſted drawboys
Fine white figur'd do.
Bombazeen
Crapes
Colour'd and maſquerade do.
Fine black and colour'd dorſetteens
Check'd and ſpotted Venetians
Fine figured cantoons
Do. cotton, ſattinets, black, and white
Fine figur'd and corded dimity
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Buckrams
Glazed linens
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Printed linens
Callicoes, cottons
Chintzes
Cambricks
Plain, Piſtol, Flower'd } Lawns
Tandem Sileſias
Dowlas
Ruſſia ſheeting
Iriſh linen
White drilling
Silk and cotton romal, Bandannoe, Mallabar, Barcelona, Printed, Ghenting, Scots and Black gauze } handkerchiefs
Tiffany
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Alamode
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Peelong ſattin
Black, white, blue and roſe colour'd peelongs
India and Engliſh taffaties
Plain and ſtriped muſlin
Nankeens
Mens ſuperfine white and marbled ribb'd worſted hoſe
Womens white and blue do.
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Black and colour'd ſilk and worſted mitts
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Black, colour'd and figur'd RIBBONS, a great variety
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Frizes
Striped and roſe blankets
Baizes
Bearſkins

Gartering
Cap, apron and ſtrip'd tapes
Knee garters
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Sewing ſilks
Fans and laces
Black and white laces
Dutch laces
Scarlet cord
Shirt buttons and bobbin
Wax and French pearl necklaces
Small black beads
4, 4½ lb. and large braſs pins
Ivory combs
Gold baſket, Campaign and Death head } Buttons
Gilt and lacquer'd buttons
Scarf twiſt
Black and white, and grey and white ermin
Chip hats
Temple and common ſpectacles
Looking glaſſes
Thimbles
Sewing and darning needles
Snuff boxes
Writing, bonnet and preſs paper
Wafers, ink powder
Teſtaments
Blank books
Braſs ink pots
Shoe and knee buckles and chapes
Cutteaus, penknives
Knives and forks
Cork ſcrews
Plain and jointer irons
Hammers, augers
Saws, iron ſquares
Gimblets, gouges
Chiſels, firmers
Box rules
Compaſſes
Awl haſts and blades
Shoe knives
Nippers, pincers
Bridle bits
Saddlers ſetts
Stirrop irons
Curry combs
Girth and ſtraining webb
Globe, tuff, chain and ſtaple nails
Half hunters and twig whips
Small nails, tacks and brads
Iron and card wire
Hinges, locks
Saſh pullies and lines
Bed and wood ſcrews
Braſs cocks
Candleſticks
Handles and eſcutcheons
Thumb latches, knob do.
Braſs knobs
Cloak pins
Shovels and tongs
Fiſh hooks, knitting pins
Iron mills to grind Indian corn
Long and ſhort frying pans
Black-ſmiths viſes
Anvils, ſpades
Shovels, mill ſaws
Sad irons
Bliſter'd ſteel
Millied lead—Nails, glaſs
Braſs kettles, &c.
Corks, nutmegs

A very large aſſortment of
Rugs and coverlids
Bath coatings
Blue, ſcarlet, crimſon and mix'd broad cloths
Shot, &c. 3—

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